Final Proposal

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Substitute Motion: CEPP moves that the faculty adopt the curriculum described below.

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Rationale:

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CEPP proposes that the faculty revise the coreubum idhrough reducing and rationalizing the all-college requirements. We believe that the existing curriculues serwell in its focus on liberal arts educational values, but imposes constraints that may narrow students' educational opportunities.

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Organizing Principles

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Early in their discussions the members of CEPP agated planizing principles were necessary to guide the committee's thinking. The following statements suzember principles that provide the basis for CEPP's recommendations to the faculty:

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- All-college requirements should insure that studievelop foundational skills and understandings in knowledge areas that are central to a liberal anasticandum defining these central areas, the members of CEPP have taken into account the views of Skedianculty (gathered in meetings and conversations throughout the 1998-1999 and 1999-2000 academic Skedians), re educational tradition as articulated in the college's mission and vision statements, and tour tional trends as outlined in the American Association of College and University's valuers: "Contemporary Unstandings of Liberal Education" (1998); Education: The Changing Agenda" (1999); "Mapping Interdisciplinary Studies" (1999); and "Survey on Diversity Requirements" (2000).
- The language and intent of our revisions should fon student learning and maintain a balance between the complementary goals of achieving (1) student understanding of central disciplinary content and (2) student competence in essential skills (e.g., craticitally full unit writing, ampliantitative understanding).

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• A revised core curriculum should be efficients insite of faculty resources and student time, and its structure should be readily compresite to both students and faculty.

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 A revised core curriculum should enable studetats does ponsibility for their own educational goals by allowing them to select from a broad set of courses the consistent with all-college goals. The role of academic advising will be critical in guiding studenthey learn to take responsibility for their own education.

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 The all-college requirements should provide an educational foundation, but should not be designed to achieve all of the goals of a Skidmore education in both the major and elective courses should supplement the core curriculum, providing studethts: nitical opportunities to pursue a liberal arts education.

Requirements

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1. Expository Writing (1 course)

Through the successful completion of one designation course, students learn how to develop a thesis and organize an essay around applith priate transitions between paragraphs and between sentences. They learn how to reduce attical and spelling errors through proofreading. Students develop an understanding of the need that supports assertions and to write with the reader in mind. This requirement the stulfilled by the end of the sophomore year. Those students who need to take EN103, "Writing Seminar I," as preparation for meeting this

requirement, must do so by the end of their first year.

2. Quantitative Reasoning (1 course):

In QR1 students demonstrate proficiency in basintitative skills (e.g., arithmetic, percentage and percent change, practical geometry, linear equations and linear growth, compound interest and exponential growth, data presentation and descripation, probability and statistics, and intelligent use of a computational technology). Students in full the QR1 prerequisite in one of the following four ways: (1) scoring 630 or bettether MSAT I exam; (2) scoring 570 or better on any mathematics SAT II exam; (3) passing the College is tative reasoning examination before the end of the first year; or (4) successfully colimp led A100 before the end of the sophomore year.

Students build upon and apply quantitativentenesskills in the context of specific academic disciplines by successfully completing a designated QR2-Asbistselents must fulfill the QR2 requirement before the end of the junior year.

3. Interdisciplinary Study (2 courses)

The Liberal Studies program provides an **artive** reducational experience for all students. includes two requirements:

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Liberal Studies 1-Human ExperienceIn this single, team-taught course all first-year students learn the ways in which differentedemic disciplines raise domestand seek answers concerning human experience, and develop the ability to definite ideas in readings and lectures presented in a variety of forms.

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Liberal Studies 2:Students engage in interdisciplinary sthat extends and focuses the inquiries begun in LS1. Students are required to complete Schoourse successfully before the end of their sophomore year.

4. Breadth Component (4 courses):

The purpose of the breadth requirements is to ensure that students come to know and understand the central questions, content, and types of isrtally scharacterize the major knowledge domains of the liberal arts: the humanities, arts, societalces, and natural sciences. Students who have completed these requirements should be able tidy; demderstand and evaluate the significance of continuously developing knowledge in each of these domains. Courses fulfilling the breadth requirements will ordinarily bethe introductory level.

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Students must successfally plete one course in each of the following fields:

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Natural Sciences Students actively engage in the process of understanding the natural world through the use dicientific methods Students study phenomena that are the product of natural processes and are known through the settises than only through ought or intuition. Through the laboratory component of courses ngethis requirement, students will design and execute experiments (where propriate as dictated by the discipline), collect data by observation and/or experimentation, and analyze data. Sthedening goals thus include mastery of both content and process.

Courses in this category are typically, but not exclusively, offered in biology, chemistry, exercise science, geoscience, physics, and psychology.

¬¬Social SciencesStudents study the organizational structure of human so leading searn 1 -1.125 TD h45.5 t1 gil ssn

NOTES: Courses may "double-count" for two of the thre**e**violeg categories: the conventional proficiencies (EW,